Unit 4: Typing and Editing

Introduction

Typing and editing is the most important and powerful topics of MS Word. The more comfortable you feel moving around within a document, the more you will be able to concentrate on the contents of the document itself. This can be accomplished with the help of navigational techniques (moving insertion points, scrolling etc.). You will learn the navigational techniques and sophisticated ways of selecting text in first lesson. You will learn the Word's powerful editing features such as moving, copying, deleting text and the handy way of undo/redo in the 2nd Lesson. With Word Art you can create interesting text effects to enhance documents. With the help of Equation Editor, you can add fractions, exponents, integrals and other mathematical elements to a Word document. You will learn Word Art and Equation Editor also in the 2nd lesson. In the next lesson, we shall introduce you to Word's more advanced editing techniques such as (Finding and Replacing text, going to specific place etc.). Misspelling and grammatical mistakes can severely undermine the credibility of documents. The 3rd Lesson will introduce the tools that allow you to proof (check) your documents for potential spelling, grammar and style errors.

Lesson 1: Moving Insertion Point, Scrolling and Selecting Text

Learning Object

On completion of this lesson you will be able to learn:

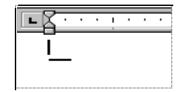
- how to move insertion point
- how to scroll through a document
- how to select text and graphics
- how to cancel the selection.



Moving the Insertion Point

Moving the Insertion Point

The insertion point marks the location where the text will be inserted. The simplest way to move the insertion point is to use the mouse to position the I-beam pointer, and then click. The following figure clears what insertion point is?



- a) To move the insertion point using the mouse :
 - 1. Using the scroll bars, scroll until you reach the desired location.
 - 2. Click the location where you want to position the insertion point.
- b) To move the insertion point using the keyboard:
- See appendix.



You can use the scroll bars at the right and bottom edges of the window to scroll through your document.

For Scrolling, you can do any one of the following:

Scrolling	Through	(
Document		

Mouse	Keyboard
Click	UP ARROW
Click above the scroll	PAGE UP
box in the scroll bar	
Drag	Not available
Click	DOWN ARROW
Click below the scroll box in the scroll bar	PAGE DOWN
Click	Not available
Click	Not available
	Click above the scroll box in the scroll bar Drag Click Click below the scroll box in the scroll bar Click

In normal view, scroll into the left margin, beyond the text area	SHIFT+	Not available
Scroll left	CII.	LEFT ARROW
Scroll right	Click	RIGHT ARROW
	Click	



Selecting Text and Graphics

Before you can move, format, delete, or otherwise change text or a graphic you must select (block) the item. You can select using the mouse or keyboard; selected text or graphics are highlighted.

Selecting Text and Graphics

a) To select text and graphics using the mouse: do any one of the following:

To select	Do this
Any item or amount of text	Drag over the text you to select.
A word	Double-click the word.
A graphic	Click the graphic.
A line of text	Click in the selection bar to the left of the
	line.
Multiple lines of text	Drag in the selection bar to the left of the
	lines.
A sentence	Hold down CTRL and click anywhere in
	the sentence.
A paragraph	Double-click in the selection bar next to
	the paragraph, or triple-click anywhere in
	the paragraph.
Multiple paragraphs	Drag in the selection bar.
An entire document	Triple-click in the selection bar.
A vertical block of text	Hold down ALT, and then drag.
(except within a table cell)	
Extend an existing selection	Hold shift and click the existing beyond
	selection.
Shorten an existing selection	Hold Shift and click inside the existing
	selection.

- b) To select text and graphics using key board.
- See appendix

Office Automation and MS Office

Canceling a Selection

For canceling a selection, you can do one of the following:

- Using the mouse, click anywhere in the document window.
- Using the keyboard, press any arrow key.
- Pressing the ESC key.

Canceling a selection

Hands on Practice

- 1. a) Open the file 'Bou.doc' [Hands on Practice: Lesson 1, Unit 3].
 - b) Move the insertion point after the word "Diploma" using the mouse.
 - c) Move the insertion point to the beginning of the document.
 - d) Go to the end of the document.
 - e) Move to one word left and right.
 - d) Move to the end of the line.
- 2. a) Scroll up one line.
 - b) Scroll down 2 lines.
 - c) Scroll to the bottom of the document.
 - d) Drag the vertical scroll box to scroll to the bottom of the document.
 - e) Scroll to the same position of the previous page.
 - f) Scroll to left one character at a time.
- 3. a) Open Bou.doc Hands on Practice: Lesson 1, Unit 3].
 - b) Select 'science'.
 - c) Point to left of the a in 'aims', select aims.
 - d) Select the sentence containing aims.
 - e) Select the first paragraph.
 - f) Select the line beginning with 'School'.
 - g) Select the entire document.
 - h) Extend the selection to include first 2 lines. Shorten the selection to include the first 3 words.
 - i) Select vertically to format the first letter of the document.
 - i) Cancel the selection.

Lesson 2: Editing, Word Art and Equation Editor

Learning Objectives

On completion of this lesson you will be able to learn:

- how to delete text
- how to undo/redo your last operation
- how to move/copy text
- how to insert symbol in this text
- how to create a text effect with Word Art
- how to create an equation with Equation Editor.



To correct simple typing mistakes, press BACKSPACE or DELETE. Depending on your computer, the key will delete either the text preceding or following the insertion point. To delete more than a few characters, it's faster to select the text you want to delete and then press BACKSPACE or DELETE, or to choose Clear from the Edit menu.

To delete text and graphic, do one of the following:

To delete	Do this
Selected Text	Click, or press BACKSPACE or DELETE
Characters before the insertion point	Press BACKSPACE
Characters after the insertion point	Press DELETE
A word before the insertion point	CTRL+BACKSPACE
A word after the insertion point	CTRL+DELETE

Note: To restore deleted text:

• Click

Deleting

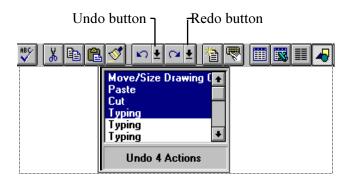
Undoing Mistakes

Undoing mistakes

If you make a mistake in Word, you can use 'Undo' / 'Redo' the command but can't Undo/Redo certain actions such as printing or saving a document.

To Undo / Redo your last operation:

- a) To undo or redo the most recent action, click button or Redo button
- b) To undo or redo the multiple action, click the down arrow next to either or or and then select the actions you want to undo or redo. See the following figure.



Note that multiple actions must be undone or redone in sequence.

Moving and Copying Text

"Moving" means to remove (cut) the selected text from one location and insert it in another location.

You can move or copy any element in a document, whether that element is text, graphics, or an item you inserted from another application. "Moving" means to remove (cut) the selected text from one location and insert it in another location. "Copying" means to make a copy of the selected text and insert it in another location, leaving the original unchanged.

"Copying" means to make a copy of the selected text and insert it in another location, leaving the original unchanged.

Drag-and-drop editing is the easiest way to move or copy a selection a short distance, but to move or copy a selection a longer distance, the Cut, Copy, and Paste commands are often more convenient.

a) Using drag-and-drag editing

To move text using drag-and-drop editing:

- 1. Select the text and graphics you want to move.
- 2. Point to the selected text.
- 3. Hold down the mouse button, when appears.
- 4. Drag the dotted insertion point to the New location.
- 5. Release the mouse button.

To copy text and graphics using drag-and-drop editing:

- 1. Select the text.
- 2. Hold down the CTRL key.
- 3. Point to the selected text and graphics.
- 4. Drag the dotted insertion point to the new location.

b) Using the standard toolbar

To move text using the Standard toolbar:

- 1. Select the text.
- 2. Click
- 3. Position the insertion point in the new location.
- 4. Click 🕮

To copy text using the Standard toolbar:

- 1. Select the text.
- 2. Click
- 3. Position the insertion point in the new location.
- 4. Click

Clipboard

Clipboard

Windows provides a temporary storage area called the clipboard for those times when you move/copy text. When selected text is cut (removed) or copied; it is placed on the clipboard. Pasting inserts a copy of the clipboard contents before insertion point. You will notice that paste button, resembles a clipboard. Entries remain on the clipboard, either until you cut or copy another entry to it or until you exit from windows.

- c) Using Keyboard Shortcuts for Moving and Copying:
- See Appendix



Inserting Symbols

To insert symbols with symbol command:

Inserting symbol

- 1. Position the insertion point.
- 2. From the Insert menu, choose Symbol.
- 3. Select the font you want
- 4. Double click the desired symbol.
- 5. To insert another symbol, position the insertion point in the document and repeat step 2.
- 6. Choose the close button.



WordArt

With WordArt, you can create interesting text effects to enhance documents. You can fit text into a variety of shapes, create unusual alignments, add 3-D effects, and so on.



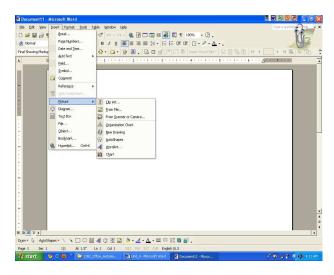
Creating or Editing a Text Effect with WordArt

After starting WordArt in Windows, a text entry box and toolbar appear in the document window. You can use the text entry box to type or edit the text you want to include in the text effect. The toolbar contains options to change the appearance of the text effect.

To create a special text effect with WordArt

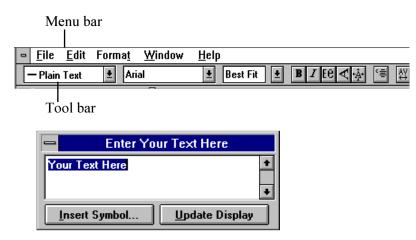
- 1. Position the insertion point to add a special text effect.
- 2. From the Insert menu, choose Picture-> WordArt.

WordArt



3. Choose the OK button.

Note: Word displays the WordArt toolbar, text entry box, and menu bar.



Text Entry

- 4. In the text entry box, type the text you want to format.
- 5. Select the text effect options you want from the WordArt menus and toolbar.
- 6. Choose the Update Display button to view the changes to the text effect in the document.
- 7. Click in Word document window to return to word or double click to edit the text.



With the help of Equation Editor you can add fractions, exponents, integrals and other mathematical elements to a Word document. Equation editor applies most of the formatting for you, it applies superscript format, reduces the font size of exponents, formats variables

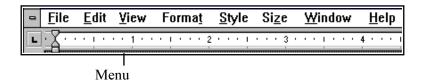
in italic, and adjusts spacing between elements. Let's look how to create an equation with equation editor

To create an equation with Equation Editor:

- 1. Position the insertion point where you want to insert an equation.
- 2. From the Insert menu, choose Object.
- 3. Under Object Type, select Microsoft Equation 2.0.
- 4. Choose the OK button.

Word displays the Equation Editor toolbar and menu bar. See the following:





- 5. Type text and choose symbols, operators and templates from the Equation Editor toolbar and menus.
- 6. Click in the Word document to return to word or double-click to edit the equation.

Creating an equation

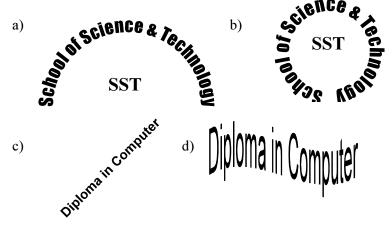
Hands on Practice

1. Type the following:

Clipboard

Windows provides a temporary storage area called the clipboard for those times when you move/copy text. When selected text is Cut (removed) or copied; it is placed on the Clipboard. Pasting inserts a copy of the clipboard contents before insertion point. You will notice that paste button, resembles a clipboard. Entries remain on the clipboard, either until you cut or copy another entry to it or until you exit from Windows.

- 2. a) Select "School of Science and Technology".
 - b) Delete "School of Science and Technology".
 - c) Restore the deleted text by clicking Undo button.
 - d) Move the text beginning with 'School' to before 'Entries remain on the clipboard'.
 - e) Copy the text of the entire document to the 2nd page of the document.
 - f) Save the document as Emdad.doc.
- 3. a) Copy the Content of the Clipboard Paragraph to the end of the document using drag and drop editing.
 - b) Move and Copy content of the 'Clipboard' to the top of page 1 using the standard toolbar.
 - c) Close the document.
 - d) Save the document as Science.doc.
 - 4. Create Special text effect as



5. Create the following equation

$$a) \quad x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

b)
$$x = a \oplus b.c$$

c)
$$x = \begin{pmatrix} a & b & c \\ b & c & e \\ c & f & g \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 1 & 6 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

d)
$$\cos^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \alpha = 1$$

$$e) x = \sum_{i=1}^{n} X_{i} Y_{i}$$

Lesson 3: Finding, Replacing and Moving Texts

Learning Objectives

On completion of this lesson you will be able to learn:

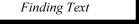
- how to find text in a document
- how to replace text in a document
- how to move in a document.

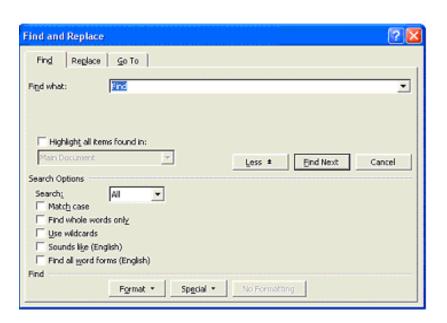
Finding Text and Formatting

You can use the Find command on the Edit menu to search for text, format such as bold and indents, special characters, and other elements such as footnotes, graphics, and fields, To search for and replace these items, you can use the Replace command. You can move directly to a specific place in a document, such as a particular page or bookmark, with the Go To command.

To find text and formatting:

1. From the Edit menu, choose Find. See the Find Dialog Box





- 2. In the Find What box, do one of the following from the find table:
- 3. Select any option in the search box from search table, if necessary.
- 4. Choose the Find Next button.
- 5. Choose the Cancel button or press ESC.

To find	Do this
Text without	Type the text. If formats appear under the
formatting	Find What box, choose the No Formatting
	button.
Text with formatting	Type the text. Choose the Format button, and then choose Font, Paragraph, Language, or Style. The formats you want, and then choose the OK button.
Formatting only	Delete any text in the Find What box. Position the insertion point in the Find What box, choose the Format button, and then choose Font, Paragraph, Language, or Style. Select the formats you want, and then choose the OK button.
	then choose the OK button.

Table: Find

To search	select
Search the main document, annotations, footnotes, headers, and footers	All in the Search box (the default)
Search the main document only, up to the beginning or down to the end of the document from the insertion point	Up or Down in the Search box
Search part of a document	The part of the document you want to search
Find text with the same capitalization as the text in the Find What box	Match Case check box
Find whole words, not parts of words	Find Whole Words Only check box
Find text using multiple search criteria	Use Pattern Matching
e.g. if c?t are given in find what box,	check box

then cot,cat, cut, CST will be found.

Find words that sound the same as the search text but are spelled differently, such as "Katliy" and "Cathy", and "colour" and "colour".

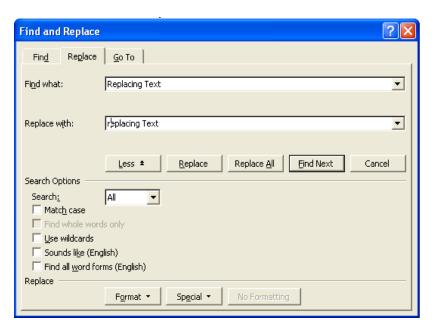
Table: Search



To replace text and formatting:

1. From the Edit menu, choose Replace. See Replace dialog box.

Replacing text



2. In the Find What box, type the desired text.

Note: You can also click the down arrow next to the Find What or Replace With box and select from the last four entries for which you searched.

- 3. In the Replace With box, type the replacement text.
- 4. Select any option in the search box from search table, if necessary.
- 5. Choose the Find Next button.

6. Do one of the following:

То	Choose
Replace the text or formatting and find next occurrence	The Replace button
and find flext occurrence	
Change all occurrences without confirmation	The Replace All button
Leave the text or formatting unchanged and search for the	The Find Next button
next occurrence	

7. Choose the Cancel or Close button, or press ESC.



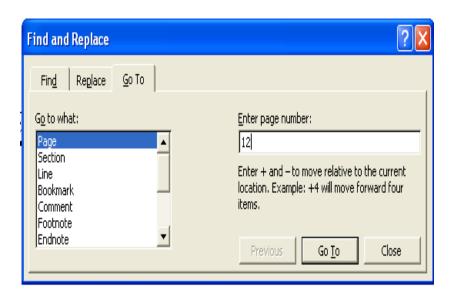
Moving in a document

(Go to a Page, Bookmark, Footnote, Table, Graphic, or other Location)

To go to a page or specific place:

Go to a page

1. From the Edit menu, choose Go To. See Go to dialog box.



2. In the Go To What box, select the type of item.

Office Automation and MS Office

3. Do any one of the following:

То	Do this
Location	Type the name or number of the item in the Enter box, and choose the Go To button
Move to the next or previous occurrence of the item.	Leave the Enter box empty, and then choose the Next or Previous button.

5. Choose the Close button or ESC.

Note: You can also display the Go To dialog box by double-clicking the page area of the status bar or by pressing the F5 key.

Hands on Practice

- 1. a) Open Science.doc [Hands on Practice : Lesson 2, Unit 4]
 - b) Go to the top of page2 and Type

"The color of the cat is black.

Rahim's cot is not good.

Water has no collour".

- c) Bold the word Computer.
- d) Save the document as Obaed.doc.
- 2. a) Move the top of the page 1 by pressing F5 key.
 - b) Close the Go To dialog box.
- 3. a) Open Obaed.doc.
 - b) Open the Find dialog box.
 - c) Find the word **Computer** through all the document.
 - d) Check Use Pattern Matching option.
 - e) Check Sounds Like option and Find Whole Words option.
- 4. a) Find the word 'Diploma'
 - b) Replace Diploma with Bachelors.

Lesson 4: Proofing Documents

Learning Objectives

On completion of this lesson you will be able to learn:

- how to check spelling
- how to check grammar
- how to look up words in the thesaurus.



Checking and Correcting Spelling

Word provides a spelling checker that you can use to proof the spelling of your document. The spelling checker cheeks each word in a document against the words in its own internal dictionary and highlights the words it does not recognize. When you check spelling, Word checks your entire document, starting at the insertion point, but word checks only the text you have selected, if you select text.

To check spelling:

 From the Tools menu, choose Spelling or click See the Spelling dialog box.

Checking Spelling



- 2. For each word that is displayed in the Not In Dictionary box, select the options you want from the spelling table.
- 3. Choose the OK button.

To	Choose
Accept the spelling in the Change To box, replace the misspelled word with another selection in the Suggestions box, or replace the misspelled word with the spelling you type in the Change To box	The Change button
Replace all instances of the word	The Change All button
Add the word to the custom dictionary selected in the Add Words To box	The Add button
Display a list of proposed words	The Suggest button
Leave the word unchanged	The Ignore button
Leave the word unchanged in all documents until you restart Word	The Ignore All button
Add the misspelled word and its correction to the Auto Correct list	The Auto Correct button
Customize spelling checks.	The Options button.

Table: Spelling.



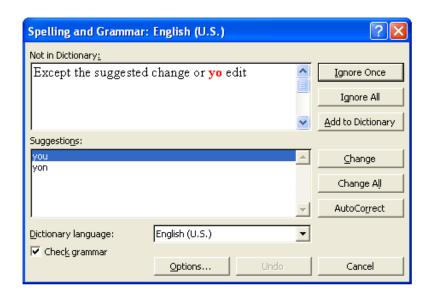
Checking Grammar

Checking grammar

During grammar check, word identify sentences that contain possible grammatical or stylistic errors and suggests improvement

To check grammar:

1. From the Tools menu, Choose Grammar. See the Grammar dialog box.



- 2. When a potential grammar or style error is found, the dialog box displays the questionable sentence in the sentence box. At this point, select the options from grammar table.
- 3. Choose OK button.

То	Do this
Accept the suggested change or edit	Choose the Change button.
Edit the sentence	Edit the sentence in the sentence box.
Ignore the grammar or style rule for the rest of the current grammar check	Choose the Ignore Rule button.
Ignore the suggestion	Choose the Ignore button.
Resume the grammar check with the next sentence	Choose the Next Sentence button.
Reverse the most recent grammar change	Choose the Undo Last button.
Get details on the applied grammar rule.	Choose the Explain button.

Table: Grammar



Looking up Words in the Thesaurus

You can use Word's internal thesaurus to look up vocabulary alternatives in your documents or to improve the precision and variety of your writing. You can quickly find synonyms (words with the same meaning) and antonyms (words with opposite meanings) and related words.

Looking Up Words

To look up words in the thesaurus:

- 1. Select or type the desired word or simply place the insertion point anywhere within the word.
- 2. From the Tools menu, choose Thesaurus, (or press Shift+F7). See the Thesaurus dialog box.



3. Do one of the following:

To	Do this
Look up synonyms	Select a word in the Meanings box to
	display synonyms in the Replace With
	Synonym box and choose the Look Up
	button.
Replace the word with a synonym	Select a word in either the Meanings or Replace With Synonym box, and
	then choose the Replace button.
Look up antonyms	Select Antonyms in the Meanings box.
Replace the word with an	Select Antonyms in the Meanings box,
antonym	and then select a word in the Replace
	With Antonym box. Choose the
Return to the previous word	Replace button.
looked up	Choose the Previous button.

Hands on Practice

- 1. a) Open Emdad.doc [Hands on Practice: Lesson 2, Unit 4]
 - b) Open the Spelling dialog box.
 - c) Find and correct spelling errors.
 - d) Close the Spelling dialog box.
- 2. What is helpful aspect of Grammar checking option?
- 3. a) Place the insertion point to beginning with 'School'.
 - b) Open the Thesaurus dialog box.
 - c) In the Meaning list box, select Antonyms to display a list of antonym.
 - d) Close the dialog box.
 - e) Look up Synonyms.